1584:1586

[The extracts printed below are taken from a volume at Mercers' Hall which is devoted mainly to matters concerning St. Paul's School. For the High Master, John Harrison, see M. F. J. McDonnell, The Story of St. Paul's School (1909), 136-43, where Harrison's disputes with the Mercers and his protection by his cousin, Alexander Nowell, Dean of St. Paul's, are outlined. But Mr. McDonnell does not appear to have consulted the Mercers' records. For example, he attributes (143) the small number of distinguished pupils sent to the university from St. Paul's under Harrison's rule to the fashion setting against the universities: but see the second dialogue printed below for Harrison's own explanation. On 11 March 1584 the third of Sir Walter Mildmay's scholars went from St. Paul's to Emmanuel College (Mercers' Acts 1513-1622, 210a). The complaint made against Harrison in 1584 that he had introduced newfangled teaching methods was repeated after the 1586 exercise, and in 1590 he was ordered to teach Lilly's grammar and not Ramus. But he continued to give dissatisfaction, and was finally given six months' notice to leave on 5 February 1596 when he 'answered in a scoffing maner' (ibid. 2612). The Mercers approached Richard Mulcaster on 26 March and appointed him High Master on 5 August.

Harrison wrote no dialogue in February 1585: he was readmitted after a complaint about his scholars doing 'but metely well' and his being ill (ibid.

211b).]

11 February 1584, Mercers' Acts 1513-1622, 207-9b.

Court of Assistentes holden at Poules scole on tewsday the xjth daie of ffebruarye 1583

Scole maister Mr Iohn Harrison highe scole Mr Mr Levesey surmr and George Sheppard teachr of the Petite after resignacon and humble submission of them selues and theire seu'all romes & place were all appointed to attend on the company at theire Court of assistente at the mercers haule on fridaye next and there to vnderstand the companies determynacon touchinge theire readmissions into theire romes agayne And fault found wt Mr Levesey surmr for his soddeyn aunswere after thexercise of the children after dynner to an allegory or dreame there sett forthe wth hereafter followeth /

an exercise of the schollers before the company at poules Thexercise of the Children after poules scole dynnar after an oracon in Latten as followth v'batim w' the copy. ill /

Philomathes Short and swete broth Philomathes least yor length be as tedious to such as vnderstand you not, as yor swetenes maie be pleasaunt to the Learned hearers

Polumathes. Is that you Philomathes, yor speach is more short then swete, and more homelye then welcome, but no marveile that yor daintie eares canne abide me no longer seyinge I never pleased my self lesse then at this tyme /

Theopompus. Nay you must pdon Philomathes to daie for thoughe yor oration were as swete as marchpaine yet wold it not season his mouth nor please his tast at this ffeast his stomack hath bynne so cloyed all daie wt a melancholy moode /

Philomathes. The desease ys not in my stomack but in my braynes w^{ch} haue byn in travaile all this daie, but not as Iupiters brayne w^t mynerva, but w^t a very follissh [fantasy] yet somewhat straunge fantasy /

Ephorus. If you be in labor no dout you long to be deliuered, but I wold not wishe you to be at cost to bringe vp the Child if it be nothing but a folishe fantasy that ys to be borne into the world.

Euralus. Tushe it wilbe the pretier to dandle a while, if it be not to wayward a ffantasy

Theophilus. Well Philomathes poure out whatsoeu' is in yor brayne into Polumathes bosome, and if it be not a monstruous myshapen fantasy, he will fasshion it I warrant you into some frame and swadle it vp like a good mydwif full handsomelie you shall see /

Philomathes. It is a dreame w^{ch} I hadd last night w^{ch} hath troubled my sprite all this daie /

Theophilus. Dreames are more then fantasies, sometyme they haue byn in steed of prophesies heretofore, and now I thinck they are not in vayne, for nothing is in or nature so vayne but we may therby gathr some proffit / Therfore tell polumathes yor dreame I pray you /

Philomathes As I was studyinge the last night by what meanes and howesoeu' I might become the best scoller in poules scole that from thence I might be preferred to the vniuersitie, in the myddest of my muses I fell into a sound sleepe and shortly after me thought there came to me a grave man and shoke me and bydd me awake and goo wth hym, and take my penne and Inck and boke wth me / And I for the reverence I had to his gravity and desire to knowe what he meant I was easely intreated and soone ready to go whith he wolde leade me, By the way me thought he told me that I should go wt him to a feaste and he promysed me comfite & Marmalad and sucket and many such Ionckete, but I thought it straunge to rise so earley from sleepe to go to a feast, for my thought I had rath haue had an houres slepe then a whole marchepaine as well as I love it, but yet I durst not say so, but wth hym I went and he ledd me to a goodlie house There were writing, me thought over the doore but we staid not to reade them / for the greate gate stode oppen and in he lead me by the hande into the greate hall, a [laphe] "large" a high and a statly Rome wherein I sawe one empty table, and three tables furnished with gueste like myself and varyety of meate tow messe furnished, at eache of the ij lower tables and fower , messe at the highest three that wayted & Carved, at eache table one, At the lowest table the began to feed well & were likly to prosp but milke was their Chefe fode. At the next they fedde so grossly that they surffited even of their milke, at the hiest thoughe there were varyety of dayntes yet many of them delighted rayther in milke there stomack was so tender. but there I was placed & fede on that web stode before me full hungerly. Then the good grave ffather led me owte into his orcharde where he had planted x Rowes of tres of diverse

fruiete, and appoynted three to grafte them, prime them, and water them, but two Rowes of them weare withered & laye waste other ij weare watred & primed and beganne to budde, the next towe after their wateringe and primynge brought forth lytle, and yet that vnsavory frute, but wt some storme many fell from the trees before the Were ripe. Then my guide wente before me first into a litle empty Close, then into a greater fylde wch was environed wth a high stone wall where I sawe eight severall hearde of younge hinde milke, white & tame, and three men fedinge them vp by hande, one fedde two hearde wen were very younge. but yet they began to growe, a nother fedde other two w^{ch} ware ^rof greater grothe, but yet they thrived not, the thirde fedd the other fower hearde whereof some were very younge & some better growen but all all most for their grothe, in good lykinge, harde by the highest hearde I sawe a greate gate fast locked, and my brother Polumathes as I thought knockinge thereat, and a mayden looked in at a little Windowe, wch was in the gate, and tould him that he shoulde have passage shortly at that gate my guide vanished awaye and lefte me with my brother Polumathes, of whome I demaunded whether he knewe the man, that brought me thether, And he aunswered that E.R. Coulde tell me of him, and then the Clocke strooke five & I awoke & Could not be in quiet vntell I had toulde you Polumathes my dreame. for I hope that you bothe Can and will interpret the same.

Polumathes I am nether Protosymbolus nor Sereimus nor yet well studdied in Apolemasex or Artemidorus and yet I guesse that in three Allegoryes you have sene the state of Paules scoole. The statly hall, the fayre orcharde, & the greate ffylde, do resemble the scoole, the vnfurnished table, the Rowe of withered trees, and the empty Close, showed you the Vestibulo vestible w^{ch} hath lyen longe empty & vnfurnished. The eight messe of Childeren at three tables, And the three waytters in the hall, the eight Rowes of trees in three parte, and three laborers in the orchard the eight hearde of

hindes, and three keppers, in the fylde, do note the 8 formes And the three teachers in the scoole, the milke & dayteys before the Childeren, the watteringe & pryminge of the trees, & the fedinge of the hinde by hande, do signyfie the learninge taught in the scoole, the prosperinge and surfitinge of the Childeren, the savorye and vnsavory frute of the trees, and the grothe & leannes of the hinde, do declare the furderaunce, & hinderaunce of the Scollers. the grave psonage who guided you was our famous founder Iohn Collet, whose lyfe is wrytten by E.R. that is by Erasmus Roterodam w^{ch} is here translated into English, w^{ch} I praye you Philoponus reade distinctly, if it maye please this Worshipfull Companie to give the heringe /

O famous Iohn Colet o worthy doctor o noble founder, what a flauntinge oration Coulde I make of this matter soft *Theopompus* you had neade of a bridell are you so deepe in your Retoricke alredy as though none coulde make orrations but you, we are all as muche delighted wth this matter as you, thoughe not so forward in suche vauntinge speaches /.

Ephorus you have as muche neade of a spure as your brother Theopompus of a bridle, for when shoulde We be forward in speaches of prayse so longe, as we kepe our selues in the bounde of Christianitie if not nowe havinge harde the godly lyfe the famos acte and the Religious mynde of a man of suche piety. a doctor of suche learninge & of a founder of ours of suche singuler bounty & liberallytie / you saye well [for] Theopompus yet had I rayther followe you Theophilius you have in so fewe worde given our worthy founder so effectuall & so Iust a Comendacon

It is well done *Emulus* that you followe the best & give suche hope of your good disposition. but yet thende of my dreme is not expounded and I marvile what *Polumathes* knockinge at the greate gate might signyfie & the aunswere of the Maydens [dr] heade, w^{ch} me thought appered at a windowe And promised that *Polumathes* should have passage shortly /.

Eubulus loketh as thoughe he Coulde tell that better then I if you have a mynde to here his oppenion

Polumathes dothe modestly in puttinge it of ffrom him selfe because it semeth so nerely to Cocerne him.

The greate gate fast locked which you sawe in your dreme, is the pasage to the vniversytie weh yet is not oppenned to the scollers of Paules scoole and Polumathes knockinge therat is the earnest sute of the scollers thereof for preferment for suche as by learninge are fytte for the vniversity and the virgyn answeringe at the windowe that *Polumathes* should shortly have passage is the Comfortable promise of preferment wch you our worthy ffathers & governors who in your armes do give the Maydens heade have often made vnto vs for our incorragemente Wherefore we eight in the name of the eight in the name of the eight fourmes of our scole are once agayne become humble suters to this worthy mistery of right Worshipfull mercers, that this w^{ch} we have seene, as in a mistery we might once enjoye in truth that your fatherly herte and bountifull hande, would joyne in a holly Care & Christian liberallytie to provid in the vniu sytie some Roomes wth your exhibition, for suche as shoulde be fitted in manners & learninge in this your famos scoole, that they might all ayme [agayne] at that marke wth duty & diligence that this hope of honnor might so incorrage them that our Theophilius might learne to love, and feare the lorde, that Æmulus might follow wth Cherefulnes, that Ephorus might abide the spurre and Theopompus the bridle willingly, that Philomates might love to learne and Philopompus to travile that Eubulus might give sounde advise and so in thende Polumathes Come forthe as a furnished scoller, that after the swete milke of this our [furnished scoller that after the swete milke of this our] fyrst nurcery, we might be wayned and trayned vpp & fedde wth the stronger meate of the vniu'sytie, the right honnorable Sr Walter M. as well knowne by his gracious and liberall patronage & maynten nce of pooer scollers in the vniu'sytie as by his grave Wisdome & Counsayl in the state of England doth now offer his honnorable hande to the furtheraunce

of this godly Worke, god no dowte wilbe wth those wch shalbe of Emanuell college in Cambrige beinge erected for the truth of Emanuell by a trewe professor of the gospell, onely for the increse of true relligion in this flourishinge Common Wealth. If eu' your W. had fitte oportunity to pforme your godly purpose nowe occasion is offered by a most honnorable & grave Counsellor of the lande, nowe theirefore we humbly beseche you to take Counsell in the Case that by your providence & bounty god maye be honnored the Comon wealth benyfited the Churche encressed the vniu'sytie enriched your scole advaunced and your fame published throughout the Realme.

[117. dayteys sic.]

[163. in the name of the eight in the name of the eight sic.]

[175. Philomates sic.]

14 February 1584, ibid. 200a-b.

Mr Harrison high scole Mr readmitted / Wheare at the laste assemble at Poules scole the xith of ffebruary laste, Mr Harrison highe maister and the rest of the scole maisters at Poules vpon theire resignacons and submis-

sions were referred to the order of this Court. And nowe the said Mr Harrison came before this Assemble, to whom it was objected his exercise made by his scollers before the company at poules scole dynnar the said xjth of february last Wheare in handlinge

admonicon

a dreame as before appearith he somewhat touched the surm for his insufficiency for teachto Mr Harrison inge and the Company for not restoringe the vestibulo: / for the ffirste wherof he was ordered

before this that all olde matters of variaunce between them shold lye deade and 'no' more to be ripped vpp, for thoth the Company at a late assistente shewed him of theire order taken more then xx^{ty} yeres since whereby it appered the same vestibulo scole was not thought necessary nor had 'byn' [not] from the foundacon of the scole but then of late set vpp by Mr Coke highe scole Mr in the tyme of Mr Clemente Newne surveyor and therfore was nowe thought good & ordered not to be sett vp or restored

Harrison had also introduced newfangled teaching methods: he promises reformation. Mr. Levesey, surmaster, is dismissed to avoid strife. He and Harrison sign a testimony of friendship at the end of the minute.

8 February 1586, ibid. 2142.

Mr Harrison referred to the next Assistente

And the said Mr Harrison ys referred to the next Court of assistente as well for his dialogue as othr matters w^{ch} dialogue he hathe pmised to bring it or a coppy therof to morrow.

17 March 1586, ibid. 214b-20a.

Mr Harrison . . . And nowe the said Mr Harrison came before high scole mr this assembly, to whom was objected his dialogue and late exercise of his scollers at poules scole before the company at poules scole dynner last where in a dreame he rin a mann'l chardged the company wth diverse vntruthes & surmises to theire discredit.

Various other things are objected against him: then follows his submission:

Mr Harrisons Beyinge charged by the right worshipfull company of mercers the Patrons of Poules scole, that I have offended them wth many thinge in my last dialogue, and in my supplicacon wherin they take them selves to be touched in credit I am very sory for the same and by my hand hereto subscribed do testify that it greveth me in harte Also that I have so offended theire worships, and I promise wth my

harte and by my hand hereto subscribed that I will deale no more wth such dialogues . . .

By me Iohn Harrison

a dialogue bill and peticon of Harrison scholem^r / The copie of w^{ch} said dialogue and bill and suppliccacon here after follow. de v'bo in verbum /

Speakers. Eubolus Polumathes. Philomathes. Ponophilus. Ephorus Parillus. Theopompus. Ludio | Eubolus. I Perceave Polumathes we shall have a noth Themistocles of you. for whilest we are trifling in the strete you are alwaies about some oration or other how will the gallant

comensem^t oracion of the vniu'sity hereafter make you not onely to break yo^r sleapes but also to forget yo^r tyme of foode & recreacon /

Polumathes. Well said Eubolus, in sharpening others you are like a whetstone and yet like a rasour in sharpenes of wit: your example in all diligence & good endeuor may waken vs all from or sloth and whett vs forward to a proffitable imytacon of you for I will not beleave that you are wont at any tyme to trifle in the streate.

Theopompus. In deede it was no boies play that was right now in the streate for ioly fellowes w^t greate sachells challenged both Eubolus and vs all to a solempne disputacon if we durst for the siluer penne

Euphorus. That was sport alone for you Theopompas you were the chefest Champion in that fray I am sure /

Theopompus. ye but my aduersaries had mo booke in theire sachels then learning in theire heade I suppose

Ludio Booke and brick bate begynne wt a letter.

Parillus. ffelt you brickbate Ludio when you weare fidling about theire sachels

Ludio. Esopes asse carryinge the Image of Diana thought hym self no small fole when he saw the people as he went, kneele to the Image on his back

Parillus. [You will pdonne Ephorus I hope, for Eubolus hym self drew back] Well, well they dassht poore Ephorus quite out of countenaunce among them.

Ephorus. You will pardon Ephorus I hope for Ebolus him self drewe backe more then I and reproved bothe them and vs for suche foolishe wranglynge; /

Parillus. | But that was to litle purpose for my lord mayor and the shreifes had not byn able to have appeased them they were so eagerly bente agaynst vs

Ludio. | Marked you not the fellow yt was fatuus in facie, foole faced, how eager he was with Audes mecü disputare, and antequa disputamus disputatio quid est, and bycause we awnswered not his bablynge how he trouled out victus. ta-tum plus. plus pluring semper tu es asinus.

Polumathes. This was foolishe bablinge in deed I marvail how you could abide it. /

Theopompus. But what say you to hym that sett Ephorus no plus with cuius artis candidatus es. and in quibus musarum vndis navem tua direxisti:

Polumathes I say and thinke that both he and you Theopompus doe lacke the bridle of jugdment and discretion. But what was the end I pray you of this controversie /.

Ephorus. When they saw that we disliked disdayned and refused suche quarrelouse dealinge with such clamorous Companions alleginge that we we are forbidden yt bothe by our flounders statute, and by our maisters comaundemente thei burst out into railinge speches against our maister, schole, and vs. /

Polumathes. | But as men shut both dores and windowes agaynste the winde, so you I trowe shut yor eyes and eares agaynst them, and the foolishe blaste of their reprochfull termes. |

Theopompus The Crocidill of Nilus persueth those w^{ch} flye, but flyeth yf they returne agaynst her: soe theis bragging companions who soe brawled agaynst vs when we said nothing, might easely have bene foyeled yf we had set vppon them wth a lustic courage: but you come tardic Philomathes I marvell that you were neth^r benethe wth vs nor here wth Polumathes /

Ponophilus Philomathes hath bin in a nother world, I found hym in the study in suche a traunce that I thought I should never haue waked hym.

Parillus What aylethe you Philomathes what melancholike moode hath trobled your sprites.

Philomathes /. I have bine I knowe not where, I have seene I kowe not what ravished euen now wth infinite delighte, trobled now wth no lesse gre lifes. /

Ephorus Make vs therfore pertakers wth 「you of ¬ your delightes, and some of vs perhapps may some what ease you of your grefes /.

Philomathes My minde was Carried I thinke from my bodye into a pleasaunte paradice full of florishinge and frutefull trees full of sweat and sightly flowers. In the middeste thereof I saw a storolne wall inclosinge a plat of grounde, as rounde as a circle, whether bycause I saw manny resorte I also repayred, where I saw divers about the outside of the wall, diversely occupied, some boyes were tryinge to spyt ouer the wall, but still the spittle fell agayne into their owne bosomes,: other men, and women, were prying into by holes in the wale, other triflynge fellowes, I saw shutinge potgunes againste the wall, others of better countenaunce, reachinge over the wall and gatheringe bothe vnripe frute and tender spriges. Thos thinge made me desirouse to see what was wthin, At the gate there stode a great Anvill, wthey divers as they passed by stroke at wt great hamers, as thought they would have broken yt, but all was in vayne, for the Anvill stirred not.

Parillus. These weare verye straunge speculacons, but I pray you, can you remember what you saw wthin the wall, which was bese^fe^jged wth suche stronnge a^rtillery. /

Philomathes. | Next wthin the wall in a rounde compasse there grewe all kynde of moste holesome hearbes, and corne, most pleasaunte flowers, most frutefull younge plantes, in suche order as was most delightfull to behould, but most hard to discribe, wthin yt circle was a most sightly rounde ranke of divers tamed beaste, as fawnes, lambes, leveryte, connyes, and suche like wth singynge byrdes vppon perches, and in Cages rounde aboute. It was straunge to see how they kept their order, beyng of soe differaunte kyndes, and natures: Wthin them agayne was

an other rowe of bee hiues, wth good store of bees gatherynge honny of divers quicke sette, and flowers, that grew rownd aboute them, in ye middest of all was a most clere sprynginge fountayne: by yt wth lay a white hind, & over yt was a verie bright cloud, from wth Issued a sweate dew, waterynge all the garden.

Parillus. / Saw you noe man in the garden?

Philomathes. Yeas, I saw the gardener wth his cicle in one hand, and hys waterynge pott in the other, one of his eares trobled him, for yt hownge downe like a limber Clothe, at his girdle honge a greate wayght of leade, and as he was wateryng his hearbes, flowers, and plante, and primynge his vines, his peare trees, and plum trees, a nother 'time' fedynge hys byrdes, and beaste, a nother tyme, tendynge his bees, and gatheringe hys honnye, he was often driven wth hys right hand to hould vp the wayght at hys girdle, and wth hys lefte hand, to putt vp his eare, wth much trobled hym, yet still walked rounde in yth three circles /

Parillus. What did he gather none of the frufilte there.

Philomathes. Yeas he gathered a bunshe of grapes, and a fewe peares, and plumes, wth some flowers, he toke also a faier singynge byrde of one of the perches, weh satt very tamelie one his finger, he toke also a honny combe, and put that wth the fruit in a erthen dishe, and as he approched to the fountayne, where he had water, to water the garden, the cloud brake open, wch was over the fountayne: and in the middest of the cloude appeared, a most beautifull virgin, to whome, he presented the byrd one his finger, and the dishe of fruite in his hande, weh she receaved; and the byrd she put in a golden cage, and the fruite in a silver dishe, and in recompence of his preasente, she putt her hand to his eare, and yt was preasentlie as sownd as the other: and she toke the hevie wayght from his girdle, and putt yt aboute the necke of the white hind, and yt was sodenlie chaunged into a goulden bell, wth a verie sweralte sounde, and soe the gardener went lightlie aboute his worke, and the white hinde followed hym tincklynge the bell after him wheresoeuer he wente.

- Ephorus. / This was a strange vision brother Philomathes I have never hard of 'yellike, but is there yet any thinge behinde. /
- Philomathes. No, but Ponoph ilus is therefore the more to blame, for he vioentlie waked me before the end to hasten me hether. /.
- Ponophilus. You dreamed this dreame wakinge, or I am deceived, for you eies were wide open, and you satt vpright, but I marveiled that you neither hard me, not sawe me, nor felt me, when I called so lowde, and shooke you so harde.
- Ephorus. Well my brethren this was no Idle fancie, Polumathes yf he will cann picke out some Englishe from hence I doubt not.
- Polumathes. Yf Eubolus will ioyne wth me, and yo^u also laie to yo^r hande, as occation shall serve, I will doe the best I cann.
- Eubolus. I hope I shall be able to say some thinge, by ^rthat tyme you have broken the yse before vs.
- Ponophilus. Yf we once see day by yor meanes, thoughe but at a little hole, yet will wee Indevor also to encrease the lyght as muche as we can.
- Ephorus. Goe to then Polumathes what was that pleasaunte paradice w^{ch} Philomathes sawe?
- Polumathes. That is the florishinge cytie of London, out of all doubt.
- Ephorus. And what was that goodly garden, Compassed wth the round stone wall?
- Polumathes. It is also out of question, that signifieth our famous scole. /
- Ephorus. By this light which you have lett in alredie, wee see, that *Philomathes* heade herein was neither vaynly nor idelly, nor fantasticallie occupied; but what can you gather of those wanton boyes, who tried to spitt over the wall?

Polumathes. In them you may see that web you knowe by experiens, that foolishe boyes of petie scoles, seke to disgrace ourse, and other publike scoles, but they spitt soe high, and vpright, that the shame cannot but fall vppon their owne face.

Eubulus. / It is easie to guesse, that those w^{ch} peepe in at the holes in the wall, signifie, suche vnskilfull folke, as are allwaies pryinge, into o^r M^{rs} dealinge & carpynge thereat, to discredit hym yf they co^ru'lde, wth other^s that are both wise and wo^rshipfull.

Theopopus What meane those, who shoute potgune agaynste the walle? /

Polumathes They are but we alke adversaries yet suche as bycause they cannot vphould their owne estate whout our discredit, of envye, they shute at our scole wales, suche reproches, as they can devise, but their pellette are but paper, their pouder but winde, their gunes nothinge but rotten sticke.

Theopopus. But what are they whoe reach over the wall and gather both the younge fruite and tender sprige.

Polumathes. Thes are they whoe hurt vs most, beynge men both of countenaunce, and wisdome, manny tymes, whoe havinge brought their sonnes fyrste to our scole, as sone as they begin to springe, they pull them oute agayne over the wall: that is against or statutes, and plant them in some oth scole, where there is hope that they shalbe removed into a more fruitfull orchard, that is to the vniversity, this though it bee a pvident care in ye parente yet it is a greate hinderaunce and inurye to our schole.

Eubulus. This is true Polumathes. The scollers goe soe fast awaye before they be ripe that I wonder greatly both that the schole is soe full, for the number, and the schollers so forewarde in their learninge, espetially consideringe their ages, and smale continuance.

Ephorus. In former tymes the scollers weare wonte to staye only in the eight forme, some sixe some seven, some eight yeares, and more; now there are not sixtene good, and bad, yt have bin yet ij yeares vnder our maister in all the vpper scole.

Theopopus. How mannye are gone from the scole since my maisters comynge it were infinite to reken but wold you thinke that notwth standinge, this the schollers yet should soe have pfited that oute of the eight forme onely since my maister came, there should be gone 80 schollers more than 20th of these to ye vniversities, divers to the Ines of the Courte, ye rest as their freindes could bestowe them.

Ephorus. Indeade I marvayle hereat the more, by cause Eton, Westminster, and marchaunte Taylors scrholes, intise so many away, wth the livinge and prefermente provided / there before they can be brought to perfection here.

Parillus. Yea they goe away to other sc^rh⁷oles also besides these by yo^r leave.

Ephorus. You say true, some fewe doe soe, but yt they gayne thereby they may putt in their eyes, yf all were knowen, but farre fecht, and derely bought, is good for ladies.

Theopopus I tell you I would be ashamed, yt any of those petye schoole for instruction in religion, for order in government, for manner in teachinge, should be able to stand in comparison wth ours, yf all thinge weare durely examined.

Ponophilus. I woulde any of them durst put them selues once into indiferent ballance wth vs, but yet this bredeth many evill reporte against Or Mr amonngest those that are vn-skilfull, in these thinge, bycause hereby he beynge constayned, he removeth the schollers from one forme, to a nother, before they be ripe, and that wth is wors he is fayne to admit tag, and rag, (as they saye) be they never soe dull, never so ould neuer so corrangly taught before they come hither, yet yf they can wright and reade a little all is fishe that cometh to the nett.

Parillus. Surelie yf our maister in the amission of sc^rh[¬]ollers reshould stand vppon the streyght poynte of statute to receve none except they can reade pfectly both Englishe & latin and wright competently a^rn d also answeare root their catechisme wherof there is so little care in London there would be founde verie fewe to be admitted into our sc^rh ole except many and large exhibicons were given for our sc^rh ole the hope whereof myght move the parente to have more care of their children before they bringe them hither & to suffer them to tarry longer after they have brought them.

Theopompus. Well thus we see suffitiently that or scrhole is like a bledynge vine, whose braunches are vnseasonable torne away from tyme to tyme.

Ephorus. But some say these are but excuses, for by statute the parente are bounde, yf there children bee founde apt that they shall abide here vntill they have competant literature:

Ludio. That statute is like a copweb w^{ch} a humble bee quicklie breaketh throughe

Ponophilus. It is a statute muche like a barrell yt is well ioyned but lacketh shure hoopes, to hould it togeather: and these thinge are not alleged for excuse ether of or Mr or vs ffor howsoever thinge fall out by suche occasions as or Mrs diligence in trayning vs vp both in religion and learnynge is his iust defence against all reporte, soe our younge yeares and short continuance wth or maister shall answeare for vs before your worshipes to provoke you to provide exhibitions for vs. ffor as a shipe is cast away oft in ye very haven, so wee many tyme when ye worst is past, lose all agayne for want of prefermente.

Theopopus. | As Iron, timber, Clothe, in the handes of ye Smythe, Carpenter and Tayler yf they abyd not till they be wroght, they will neither bee key, dore, nor garmente, so is the scholler in the handes of his mayster, he can never be learned, except he abyde vntill his maister have wrought hym to his perfection; but I pray you, what meaneth the anvyll

w^{ch} remayned vnmoveable, [not]wthstandynge so many violente strokes of y^c hamers.

Eubulus. It is a good conscience, w^{ch} cannot be shaken wth euerie Idle reporte, and y^t is that maketh our master soe confidente notwthstandinge, he is made like an anvill, where-vppon manye strike vppon wth the hamers of their tonges. /

Parillus / All this was wthout the w^ra[¬]lle, what say yo^u to that wthin I pray you.

Polumathes. ffyrst the roundnes of ye wall and the circles within sheweth the endles travaile of ye schole maister: for whersoeu' a circle beginneth, there it endeth, and where it endeth, there it beginneth, so where a scholemaister beginneth, there he endeth, and where he endeth, there he beginneth, his worke agayne.

Eubulus //. Then ye younge vines, trees, corne, flowers, in one circle must neades be ye scholers, fructifyinge and growig by good instruction in ye schole: ye younge beaste, and byrde, keepinge their order, and sittynge [so still, and] tamely are the schollers by governmente and discipline made tractable and rulie: the bees in ye hives, yeeldinge plenty of honie, ar the scholers by the good blessinge of god yeldinge that encrese of knowlegd in religion, & learnynge, we our patrones here expect, or parente at home desire, our maister at ye schole laboreth to obteyne.

Ponophilus Yt is then easie to guesse, yt ye gardener wth you sawe, is or maister, his cicle wherewth he prymeth trees is his rood, of correcton, his watering pot, is his order in teachinge, but what is mente by his eare yt trobleth hym, or ye wayght at his girdle, I doe not well vnderstande: /

Ludio But doe you passe so soblie by ye cicle web you call the rood of correctio, as thoughe you approved yt, I would that you yt like of it soe well, had inough of yt, for me, I promisse you I will geve hym leve therein to spare his paynes, yf yt cicle were in ye fyer, I would like all ye rest well ynough.

Ephorus. Yf yt were in ye fyer you would be Ludio both in word and deed but as ye threshers flayle thriethe out ye corne, from the chaffe, and ye Smythes fyle, scowrethe the ruste from ye Iron, so yt vsed in tyme fetcheth out ye good seede of or witte & clenseth or mynde, from ye rust of impiety & Idelnes. but I can tell you how you nead not feare yt.

Ludio. / Tell me y^t & my mother shall give you a hole march-parine for yor labor to bestow amonng yor fellowes. //

Ephorus. Lett not yor witte rust in Idlenes, but trie out ye good seede of reason, we good hath sowed in yor harte, from ye chaffe of yor naturall corruption, & be ordered by or maisters precepte & Tyoul shall bothe save hym from troble and grelife & yor selve from stripes and payne,

Ludio. You would have me a St I thinke, & allwaye to be poryng vppon my booke, as you doe: but yt is an ould proverb. A young St, a old devell, & a ragged coult, maketh a good horse. I had rather be beaten now and then, then lose my play, but lett my Mr hould his hande & be good in his office, or I will tell my mother of him, & I will come no more to schole rather then I should be beaten /

Parillus Will you doe as ij or iij did of late. you remember whoe beynge asked of his mother, whie he plaied ye trewaunte, answered, bycause his master was never at schole.

Ludio Nay trulie, I will not so slaunderously belye my maister, but yf he will take lesse paynes, I will conn him the more thanke, I cannot in conscience desire so much payne of hym seynge my father geveth hym no money: /

Ephorus. But what say you to hym neither father nor mother cold cause to come to schole, but sayd yt he profited not, and his maister taught hym not, and what should he doe at schole.

Theopopus I say that bothe he and yo other lacke yo cicle we talked of & truly they are fooley bore hole in their owne shippes.

Ephorus. A nother said my maister durst not beate [him] 「you knowe whome, bycause he is a mercers sonne, least he should cause hym to be expelled. /

Theopopus. The vip eateth out her mothers bowels, and evill schollers their Mrs credit, a bird in a cage, never liketh her food, be it never so good. and yo foolo provender doth ever pricke hym: but suche vaine tayles, are but winde, except they comme to the eares of suche as will Credit them.

Ponophilus. By yt wch is spoken alreadie you may knowe, that by hys eare troblinge hym is meante, suche tayles, and evill speaches as Scholemaisters are common subject vnto, for only the wynde trobleth the seaes, onlie false report disquiet a good conscience.

Parillus. What meaned the wayght at his girdle /.

Polumathes That is or maisters chargeable burden of familie, and howse keepynge, wth cannot but be a cloge vnto hym, havinge both hys hande and head so full of such a tedious vocation, and wth all so smale allowance to defraye so greate expense.

Eubulus. | Lastlye the fountayne in the middest I knowe by the white hynde of or fownders armes signefieth his Liberall pvision for vs wch is a fowntayne eu' springinge that cannot be dried vp & yt bright Clowde wth ye princelie virgin in yt you knowe whose armes these are yor eyes doe see them whose good countenaunce is as the favour of a prince and as the dewe of a bright clowd, both refreshinge and waterynge vs who otherwise showld be as a barren soyle.

Ponophilus. The gardener offered her a preasent / flowers, grapes, plumbes, peares, and honny in an erthen dyshe, and a pretie tame synginge byrd, but she laide the fruite in a silu' dishe, and put the byrde in a cage of gould, I can but give a guisse what this showld meane. /

Polumathes. You knowe or mr this day in vs offered vnto yeis

worshipfull the fruite of his labor, wch we hope they will send to ye goulden vniv'sities, wth silv' exhibycons. /

Theopompus. Hope well, and have well, wee will hope y^t one daye wee shall have y^t preferment for o^r schole, w^{ch} othe^r scholes enioye.

Ponophilus. Wee had almoste forgotten how by touchinge the gardeners eare ye mayden in the clowde healed yt, and wth all eased hym of ye wayght at hys gyrdle by puttynge of yt abowt the necke of ye white hinde wth was straight there wth all chaunged into a goulden bell.

Polumathes. This sheweth yt yf ye right worshipfull M'crs will but laye their hande to be patrones of or mrs credyt eu'y light tayle shall not so easely disgrace hym in this cittye wheare they live in such worship and countenaunce and ye burden of or Mrs howsekeepinge weh hangeth so heavelie at hys girdle wilbe but as a bell of gould abowt the necke of Iohn Collete white hynde weh may ringe so sweatly in or Masters eare yt it will rather encorage hym then burden hym any way for livinge and mayntenaunce yf it be sufficient may be as a golden bell weh though it heare nothinge yt awakeneth others.

Ludio / What is my M^{rs} livynge so little and yet doth he take so much paynes I pmise you he is not so wise as I thought [he had byn] he is so paynefull in his busynes and so praesise in keepynge his owres as thought it weare the best livinge in Englande.

Ponophilus. Indeed I knowe howe hard a thinge it is to entreate him to dyne fourth leaste he should be wth-holden to longe from the schole in ye after nowne and howsoev' he watcheth late as I knowe he doth sometymes even for vs yet wee all knowe to well ythe outsleepeth not hym self at any tyme, in ye mornynge, and althought he be alowed 30 dayes absence in ye yeare yet havinge byn here nowe 5 yeares and a half in all that tyme except a while for his sickenes ye last yeare he hath not byn absent half 30 dayes for 160 and od dayes who statute he myght freely have vsed in ytyme—./

Parillus This is very extraordinary diligence but we knowe yt to be true yet some are not so satisfied for they heare he plieth his privat studye in ye schole.

Ponophilus. Trulye herein he myght vse his libtye more then he dothe yf he would for when he hath set vs owne worke yf in hys studye beynge so nere he should wright or reade some thinge for hym selfe what hinderauce weare yt to vs but trulie I thinke hym worthie of blame bycause he is so curious herein for I dare saye he bestoweth not xij howres in xij monethes of schole tyme about his owne studye.

Ludio /. Why should not he I pray you as others doe and have done, sometymes go to the bowlinge aley, sometymes to bearebatynge, sometymes to see playes and tumblers, for his recreation / and sometymes beare his frende cumpanie to ye taverne and such banquete for my pt he shall have my voyce to take more liberty and lesse paynes, yf he would but give vs leave to playe oftener then we doe.

Ponophilus. ffye Ludio you knowe how my Mr detesteth such dealynge.

Ludio /. But by yor leave I would measure my paynes accordynge to my gaynes yf I weare as he is I have hard of one in a great mans howse who was wonte to have v¹¹ a yeare for beatynge of stockfyshe and when his wage was decreased he also demynished his paynes and beynge called to accounte before ye stewarde he aunswered he could beate stockfyshe after v¹¹ after iiij¹¹ and after iij¹¹ the yere and was not this a resonable aunsweare.

Ponophilus. Yes truly to ye steward it was, but it is conscience to god that leadeth or Mr rather then accounte to men.

Polumathes. Thus you have eased me marvelouselye of my care and fullye interpreted my straunge vision /.

Ludio You have playd yor pte in deed to ye porpose, and I will remayne debtor to eu'y one of you of a pece of marchpayne, or a handfull of comfette at ye least for yor paynes.

Philomathes. Now then Eubulus I pray you preferre my Mrs sute to this worshipfull [companie] that his livinge may be accordynge to his paynes and Polumathes shall move or shute for exhibicons and prefermente to ye vniversities.

ffyrst let ye miserie of schole Mrs whereof manye have Eubulus. written whole booke move yor Worshipe to such remorse yt everye idle tale of vngratious boyes, or vnskilfull men or talkynge women, may not discredit hym wth yor worshippes but doe you we beseche you so heale his eare at the lest yt he may here from you that weh may encorage hym, vntill he be not barelie reported but trulye convicted, to deserve the contrary agayne as you have comitted to him yor seede corne, the tendynge of your orchard the gatherynge of yor hony, so remember his paynfull plowyng and doungynge sowing and harrowing weddinge and waterynge reapynge and gatherynge, threshinge and wenowinge remember hys diggynge and plantynge his graftynge and priminge remember his feedynge and gatherynge for yor worshippes credit and for ye good of ye churche and comon wealthe let not the spittle of malicious mouthes the pellette of potgunes, or the hamers of evill tounge be able to deface him amonnge yor worshippes yt wch is as a waight of leade at his girdle yf you take it from hym it wilbe but as a bell of gould about the necke of Docter Collete hynde or in ye hand of ye virgin who sheweth her princelie maidens heade out of the bright cloud in yor worshippes armes, yor worshippes are not more able then willynge to doe this I am sure yf false reporte wthould you not A word is inoughe to the wise god direct yee herein to his glorye. the good of his church the pfit of yor schole, & ye advauncemente of yor owne W. & credit in this famous Cittie and common wealth.

Polumathes. Our sutes for exhibicons and prefermente have often bin comendyd vnto yor worshipps. How it may be compassed there are in preasente who can well advise only we most humblye beseche yor worshippes to preasente the fruite of or Mrs Labors in silu' dishes of yor liberall exhibitions to ye golden nurseryes of Lernynge the vniversityes so wee

shall praye for you^r wealth and prosperitie this Citye and hole realme shall speake of yo^r fame & glorie & not wee only and o^r schole but y^e vniversityes also the Churche the common wealth shall reape y^e fruite of yo^r bountifull liberalitie.

Behould here in this dishe, these grapes, plumes Philomathes. peare and sightlie flowers, marke them well they feed the eyes & fill the dyshe but hath not the workman herein spent hys skyll only to please ye sight. We are before yor worshippes as y' artifitiall fruite before yo' eyes except yo' of yo' bounty provide for our preferment to the vniversities we doe but fill the schoole & serve for a showe for all or paynes in Learnige and or Mrs skill in teaching yf by reason of or freinde vnabillitie we shalbe otherwise imployed hereafter will melt away as waxe before the sonne except yor worshippes lay [there] yor handes to this worthie worke that we may be farr ther fyned to suche perfection in the vniversities that we may not only glister as Sylver & gold but that we may be indeede hereafter both Sylver Truppette of yor fame and praise & golden vesselles in the Church & comon wealthe. /

[68. iugdment sic. 92. kowe sic. 111. thought sic. 163. vioentlie sic. 219. inurye sic. 246. fecht sic. 249. government sic. 254. constayned sic. 260. amission sic. 315. knowlegd sic. 329. thriethe sic. 395. worshipfull sic. 418. thought sic. 425. althought sic. 459. Polumathes. sic. 467. shute sic.]

21 July 1586, ibid. 222^a. The Company make Mr. Harrison a gift of £10.

16 November 1586, ibid. 223^b. Dr. Nowell, Dean of St. Paul's, persuades the Mercers to halt in the dismissal of Mr. Harrison.

23 November 1586, ibid. 224^a. Sir Francis Walsingham's support is obtained for Harrison.

Nota Mr Deane . . . affirmed that the scollers for theire tyme & contynewaunce were as good as in other scoles . . . it were better in his opynion, the scollers should speake no latten in the scole at all, then Barbarouse latten /

Harrison's submission follows.

7 February 1587, ibid. 2252.

opposers

M^r deane of Poules M^r Doctor hollande

Mr Doctor Iohnson

Mr Wiboune

at this appositon Mr deane vndertoke that by the next yere the scolers in poules scole will be as good as the scollers in any scole in this towne because of thexhibicon nowe by him bestowed &c.

On his submission, Harrison is readmitted to his post as High Master of St. Paul's School.

1585

[Anthony Munday was apprenticed to John Allde, stationer, on 1 October 1576 (Arber, ii. 69). He wrote several of the pageants: see under Lord Mayors' Shows.]

21 June, Drapers' Freedom List 1567–1656, †278. 53 (there is a similar entry with a record of the payment of the fee of 3s. 4d., in Rep. G. 51).

21 Iunij Mondaie Anthonie filius Mondaie Cxpofers p patrimon' a Poet by Criplegate. /

1587

2 July, Ordinances of the Clothworkers' Company 2nd July, 29 Eliz. A.D. 1587 (as printed in *The Ordinances of the Clothworkers' Company* (1881), 87).

48. An Ordinance to avoyde misrule of servauntes uppon the Saboth daies and holy-daies.

(They were to go to church) and also to spende the reste of the same Sundayes and Holy dayes in some honest and lawfull exercises with their masters lycence And not in hauntinge of Ale-houses Tavernes Plaies unlawfull games or such like